

5. IN SPHERICAL COORDINATES, THE SPHERES BECOME

$$\rho = 2 \quad \text{AND} \quad \rho = 1$$

THUS E IS DEFINED BY

$$1 \leq \rho \leq 2$$

$$0 \leq \phi \leq \pi/2$$

$$0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$$

THE INTEGRAND BECOMES

$$\begin{aligned} z(x^2 + y^2 + z^2) &= \rho \cos(\phi) \left[\rho^2 \sin^2(\phi) \cos^2(\theta) + \rho^2 \sin^2(\phi) \sin^2(\theta) + \rho^2 \cos^2(\phi) \right] \\ &= \rho \cos(\phi) \left[\rho^2 \sin^2(\phi) + \rho^2 \cos^2(\phi) \right] \\ &= \rho \cos(\phi) \cdot \rho^2 \\ &= \rho^3 \cos(\phi) \end{aligned}$$

ALSO, $dV = \rho^2 \sin(\phi) d\rho d\phi d\theta$ SO

$$\begin{aligned} \iiint_E z(x^2 + y^2 + z^2) dV &= \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi/2} \int_1^2 \rho^3 \cos(\phi) \cdot \rho^2 \sin(\phi) d\rho d\phi d\theta \\ &= \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi/2} \int_1^2 \rho^5 \cos(\phi) \sin(\phi) d\rho d\phi d\theta \\ &= \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi/2} \left[\frac{1}{6} \rho^6 \cos(\phi) \sin(\phi) \right]_{\rho=1}^{\rho=2} d\phi d\theta \\ &= \frac{21}{2} \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos(\phi) \sin(\phi) d\phi d\theta \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{LET } u = \sin(\phi)$$

$$\phi = 0 \rightarrow u = 0$$

$$du = \cos(\phi) d\phi$$

$$\phi = \pi/2 \rightarrow u = 1$$

THE INTEGRAL BECOMES

$$\frac{21}{2} \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^1 u \, du \, d\theta$$

$$= \frac{21}{2} \int_0^{2\pi} \left[\frac{1}{2} u^2 \right]_{u=0}^{u=1} d\theta$$

$$= \frac{21}{4} \int_0^{2\pi} d\theta$$

$$= \frac{21}{4} [\theta]_0^{2\pi}$$

$$= \frac{21}{4} \cdot 2\pi$$

$$\boxed{= \frac{21\pi}{2}}$$