# MEMORIAL UNIVERSITY OF NEWFOUNDLAND DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS AND STATISTICS 

## For practice only. Not to be submitted.

1. Use Gaussian elimination to determine if each of the following matrices is invertible. If so, show its inverse.
(a) $A=\left[\begin{array}{ccc}4 & -8 & 0 \\ 12 & -23 & 0 \\ 0 & 20 & 4\end{array}\right]$
(b) $B=\left[\begin{array}{ccc}1 & 0 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 8\end{array}\right]$
(c) $C=\left[\begin{array}{cccc}1 & 0 & 3 & -2 \\ -4 & 1 & -8 & 8 \\ 6 & 0 & 19 & -12 \\ 0 & -2 & -8 & 1\end{array}\right]$
2. (a) Solve the system

$$
\left.\begin{array}{rl}
x-3 z & =1 \\
5 x+\frac{1}{3} y-15 z & =3 \\
-x+y+4 z & =-6
\end{array}\right\}
$$

by writing it in the form $A \mathbf{x}=\mathbf{b}$ and computing $\mathbf{x}=A^{-1} \mathbf{b}$.
(b) Briefly explain why the method of part (a) would not work for the system

$$
\left.\begin{array}{rl}
x-3 z+4 w & =1 \\
5 x+\frac{1}{3} y-15 z-w & =3 \\
-x+y+4 z-7 w & =-6
\end{array}\right\}
$$

3. Express $A=\left[\begin{array}{ll}4 & -6 \\ 1 & -1\end{array}\right]$ as a product of elementary matrices.
4. Solve the system

$$
\left.\begin{array}{rl}
5 x+2 y-z & =12 \\
x+4 z & =-13 \\
-2 x+z & =-1
\end{array}\right\}
$$

by first carrying out an $L U$-factorization of the matrix of coefficients $A$.

