

# MEMORIAL UNIVERSITY OF NEWFOUNDLAND

## DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS AND STATISTICS

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SECTION 2.7

Math 2000 Worksheet

WINTER 2020

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**For practice only. Not to be submitted.**

1. Evaluate  $\iint_D \frac{1}{\sqrt{16-x^2}} dA$  for the given region  $D$ .

(a)  $D = \{(x, y) \mid -2 \leq x \leq 2, 0 \leq y \leq 7\}$

(b)  $D$  is the region bounded above by  $y = x$ , below by  $y = 0$ , and to the right by  $x = 3$

2. Evaluate each of the following iterated integrals.

(a)  $\int_2^4 \int_1^{\sqrt{y}} x(y^2 - 5y) dx dy$

(b)  $\int_0^1 \int_0^{y^2} \frac{y}{x^2 + y^2} dx dy$

(c)  $\int_1^{\sqrt[4]{10}} \int_0^x y^2 \sqrt{x^4 - 1} dy dx$

(d)  $\int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^0 \int_0^{\sin(x)} e^{\cos(x)} dy dx$

3. Evaluate each iterated integral by reversing the order of integration. (You may find it helpful to sketch the region of integration.)

(a)  $\int_0^{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_y^{\sqrt{\pi}} \sin(x^2) dx dy$

(b)  $\int_0^3 \int_{x^2}^9 x e^{y^2} dy dx$

(c)  $\int_0^4 \int_{\frac{y}{2}}^2 \frac{y}{x^3 + 1} dx dy$

(d)  $\int_0^1 \int_{\arcsin(x)}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{1 + \cos(y)} dy dx$

4. Use a double integral to find the area of the region bounded by the indicated curves.

(a)  $y = x^2 + 2x, y = 24 - x^2$

(b)  $x = \sqrt{9-y}, y = 9 - 3x$