# MEMORIAL UNIVERSITY OF NEWFOUNDLAND DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS AND STATISTICS 

For practice only. Not to be submitted.

1. For each function $f(x)$, use the definition of continuity to determine all points at which $f(x)$ is not continuous. Classify any discontinuities.
(a) $f(x)=\left\{\begin{array}{cc}\frac{x^{2}-4}{x-2} & \text { if } x \neq 2 \\ 0 & \text { if } x=2\end{array}\right.$
(b) $f(x)=\left\{\begin{array}{cc}\frac{x+1}{x^{2}-x-2} & \text { if } x<1 \\ 2 & \text { if } x=1 \\ 3-x^{2} & \text { if } x>1\end{array}\right.$
(c) $f(x)= \begin{cases}\frac{x}{x^{2}-5 x} & \text { if } x<1 \\ \frac{2}{x-9} & \text { if } x \geq 1\end{cases}$
2. Show that $f(x)=3+4 x^{2}-5 x^{3}$ has at least one root on the interval $[-2,2]$.
