## MEMORIAL UNIVERSITY OF NEWFOUNDLAND DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS AND STATISTICS

Section 1.5

## Math 1000 Worksheet

Fall 2024

## For practice only. Not to be submitted.

- 1. Find both limits at infinity for the function  $f(x) = \frac{x(x+1)(1-x)}{(2x+3)^2}$ .
- 2. Identify all horizontal asymptotes (if any) of the given rational function.

(a) 
$$f(x) = \frac{6x^3 - 6x^4}{2x^4 - x^2 + 1}$$
  
(b)  $g(x) = \frac{6x^2 - 2x + 5}{7x^3 + x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$   
(c)  $h(x) = \frac{(x+1)^3}{(4x^2+1)(2x-3)}$ 

3. Identify all horizontal asymptotes (if any) of the given quasirational function.

(a) 
$$f(x) = \frac{x + \sqrt{4x^2 + 2}}{x - 7}$$
  
(b)  $f(x) = \frac{2x + 1}{5x - \sqrt{9x^2 - 4}}$   
(c)  $f(x) = \frac{2x + 1}{5x - \sqrt{25x^2 - 4}}$