## MEMORIAL UNIVERSITY OF NEWFOUNDLAND DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS AND STATISTICS

| SECTION | 2. | 3 |
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## Math 1000 Worksheet

Fall 2024

## SOLUTIONS

1. (a) 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2\left(\frac{3}{4}x^{-\frac{1}{4}}\right) - 0 = \frac{3}{2x^{\frac{1}{4}}}$$
  
(b) Rewrite:  $f(x) = 32x^{5}$   
Differentiate:  $f'(x) = 32(5x^{4}) = 160x^{4}$   
(c)  $V'(r) = \frac{4}{3}\pi(3r^{2}) = 4\pi r^{2}$   
(d) Rewrite:  $y = 4x^{\frac{1}{2}} - 2x^{-3} - x$   
Differentiate:  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 4\left(\frac{1}{2}x^{-\frac{1}{2}}\right) - 2(-3x^{-4}) - 1 = \frac{2}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{6}{x^{4}} - 1$   
(e) Rewrite:  $f(t) = 3t^{4} + 24t^{3} - t^{2} - 8t$   
Differentiate:  $f'(t) = 3(4t^{3}) + 24(3t^{2}) - 2t - 8 = 12t^{3} + 72t^{2} - 2t - 8$   
(f) Rewrite:  $g(x) = \frac{5}{2} - \frac{1}{2}x^{-1}$   
Differentiate:  $g'(x) = 0 - \frac{1}{2}(-x^{-2}) = \frac{1}{2x^{2}}$ 

2. When the pebble strikes the ground, s(t) = 0 so we solve:

$$-4.9t^2 - 14.7t + 343 = -4.9(t^2 + 3t - 70) = -4.9(t + 10)(t - 7) = 0,$$

giving t = -10 or t = 7. However, we assume that the pebble was dropped at t = 0 so we can ignore the negative answer; hence the pebble must strike the ground at 7 sec. The velocity function is

$$v(t) = s'(t) = -9.8t - 14.7$$

so we compute v(7) = -9.8(7) - 14.7 = -83.3. Hence the pebble is travelling at a velocity of -83.3 m/sec.

3. (a) We are told that s(0) = 0, and since s(0) = D, we immediately have D = 0 and therefore

$$s(t) = At^3 + Bt^2 + Ct.$$

We also know that v(0) = 0, and

$$v(t) = s'(t) = A(3t^2) + B(2t) + C(1) = 3At^2 + 2Bt + C.$$

Thus v(0) = C and so C = 0, which means that

$$s(t) = At^3 + Bt^2.$$

Finally, we are given that s(2) = s(6) = -36. This tells us that

$$8A + 4B = -36$$
 and  $216A + 36B = -36$ .

Solving this system of equations gives A = 2 and B = -13.

(b) We now have

$$s(t) = 2t^3 - 13t^2$$
 and  $v(t) = s'(t) = 6t^2 - 26t$ .

We want to solve the equation v(t) = 0, so we set

$$6t^2 - 26t = 2t(3t - 13) = 0,$$

and therefore either t = 0 or  $t = \frac{13}{3} \approx 4.33$ . Hence the object is again at rest at approximately 4.33 seconds. Its position at this time is

$$s\left(\frac{13}{3}\right) = 2\left(\frac{13}{3}\right)^3 - 13\left(\frac{13}{3}\right)^2 = -\frac{2197}{27} \approx -81.37$$
 metres.