PMAT 3331 – Projective Geometry Winter 2003

Instructions

- Answer each question completely; justify your answers.
- This assignment is due at 3:00 pm on Friday April 4, 2003.
- Please place your completed assignment in Box 35.
- 1. Consider the point P = (6, -3) in \mathbb{R}^2 .
 - (a) What is the equation of this point, expressed in line coordinates?
 - (b) What are the coordinates of the line PQ, where Q = (-3, 2)?
 - (c) Are P, Q, and R collinear, where R = (7, -6)?
- 2. At what point of \mathbb{R}^2 do the lines $L_1 = [-4, 5]$ and $L_2 = [7, 3]$ intersect?
- 3. Let $L_1 = [u_1, u_2]$ and $L_2 = [v_1, v_2]$ be two lines of \mathbb{R}^2 . Prove that L_1 and L_2 are parallel if and only if $\begin{vmatrix} u_1 & u_2 \\ v_1 & v_2 \end{vmatrix} = 0.$
- 4. Consider the points P = (4, 3, 2) and Q = (5, 6, 7) of $P_2(\mathbb{R})$.
 - (a) What is the equation of the line PQ?
 - (b) What are the coordinates of the line PQ?
- 5. Consider the lines $L_1 = [8, 5, 2]$ and $L_2 = [-7, 3, 1]$ of $P_2(\mathbb{R})$.
 - (a) What is the equation for the point of intersection of L_1 and L_2 ?
 - (b) What are the coordinates for the point of intersection of L_1 and L_2 ?
- 6. Are the lines $L_1 = [4, 0, 1], L_2 = [2, 2, 1], \text{ and } L_3 = [0, 1, -1] \text{ of } P_2(\mathbb{R}) \text{ concurrent}?$
- 7. What is the equation for the set of line coordinates for the tangent lines that envelop the curve $2xy^2 = 1$ in \mathbb{R}^2 ?
- 8. What is the equation for the set of line coordinates for the tangent lines that envelop the curve $x^2 + 2y^2 = 4$ in \mathbb{R}^2 ?