Procedure for Max-Min Problems

- 1. Identify the quantity, \mathcal{Q} , to be maximized or minimized.
- 2. Make a diagram assigning any necessary variables.
- 3. Write down an equation for Q.
- 4. Write down any constraint equations. Use these to produce a normal looking expression Q = Q(x). Note any logical restriction on x.
- 5. Find Q'(x) and factor it. Get the sign pattern of Q'. Note the absolute extremum.
- 6. Write down the required answer in a proper sentence.

A woman with 300 metres of fencing material wishes to enclose a rectangular area along the bank of a straight river. No fence is required along the river. What dimensions should she use to maximize the enclosed area?

SIL'N LET A REPRESENT HIL AREA TO BE MAXIMURED.

A =
$$\times$$
 Y

A = \times (\times (\times) \times)

A = \times (\times)

A' = \times)

A' = \times)

A' = \times (\times)

A' = \times)

A' = \times (\times)

A' = \times)

A' = \times (\times)

A' = \times)

A' = \times (\times)

A' = \times)

A' = \times (\times)

A' = \times)

A' = \times (\times)

A' = \times)

A' = \times (\times)

A' = \times)

A' = \times (\times)

A' = \times)

A' = \times (\times)

A' = \times)

A' = \times (\times)

A' = \times)

A' = \times (\times)

A' = \times)

A' = \times)

A' = \times (\times)

A' = \times)

A' = \times (\times)

A' = \times)

A' = \times (\times)

A' = \times)

A' = \times)

A' = \times (\times)

A' = \times)

A' = \times (\times)

A' = \times)

A' = \times (\times)

A' = \times)

A' = \times (\times)

A' = \times)

A' = \times (\times)

A' = \times)

A' = \times (\times)

A' = \times)

A' = \times (\times)

A' = \times)

A' = \times (\times)

A' = \times)

A' = \times (\times)

A' = \times)

A' = \times (\times)

A' = \times)

A' = \times (\times)

A' = \times)

A' = \times (\times)

A' = \times)

A' = \times (\times)

A' = \times)

A' = \times (\times)

A' = \times)

A' = \times (\times)

A' = \times)

A' = \times (\times)

A' = \times)

A' = \times (\times)

A' = \times)

A' = \times (\times)

A' = \times)

A' = \times (\times)

A' = \times)

A' = \times (\times)

A' = \times)

A' = \times (\times)

A' = \times)

A' = \times (\times)

A' = \times)

A' = \times (\times)

A' = \times)

A' = \times (\times)

A' = \times)

A' = \times (\times)

A' = \times)

A' = \times (\times)

A closed box with a square base is to have a volume of 250 cubic metres. The material for the top and bottom of the box costs \$2 per square metre and the material for the sides costs \$1 per square metre. Can the box be constructed for less than \$300?

SOLV BE LET C REPRESENT THE LIST OF THE BOX TO BE MINIMIZED.

x > 0

$$C = C_{TB} + C_{4S}$$

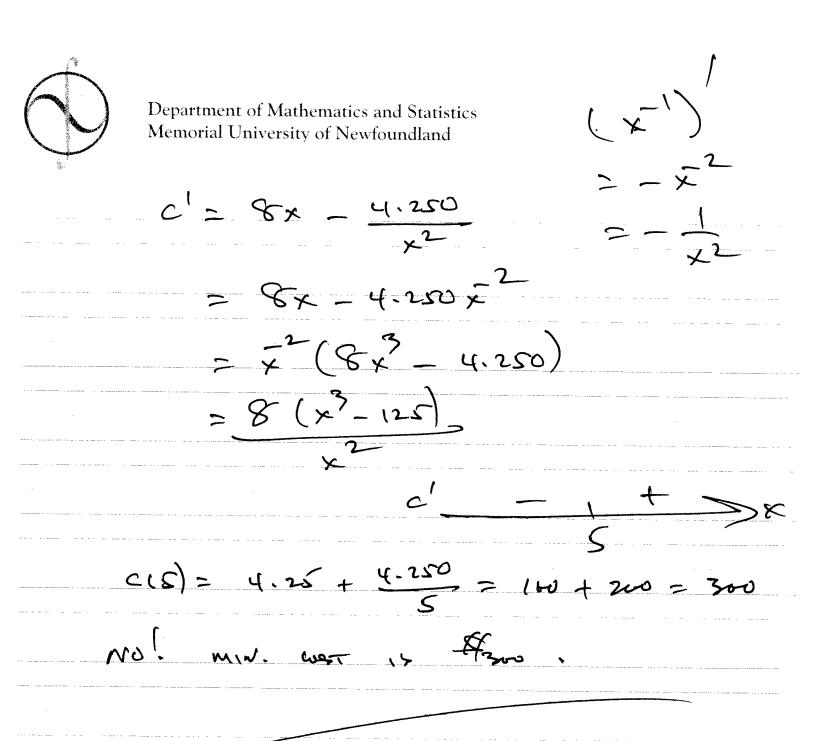
$$= \frac{4}{2} \left(2 \times \frac{1}{2} + \frac{4}{3} \right) \left(4 \times \frac{1}{3} \right)$$

$$C = 4 \times + 4 \times \left(\frac{250}{x^2} \right)$$

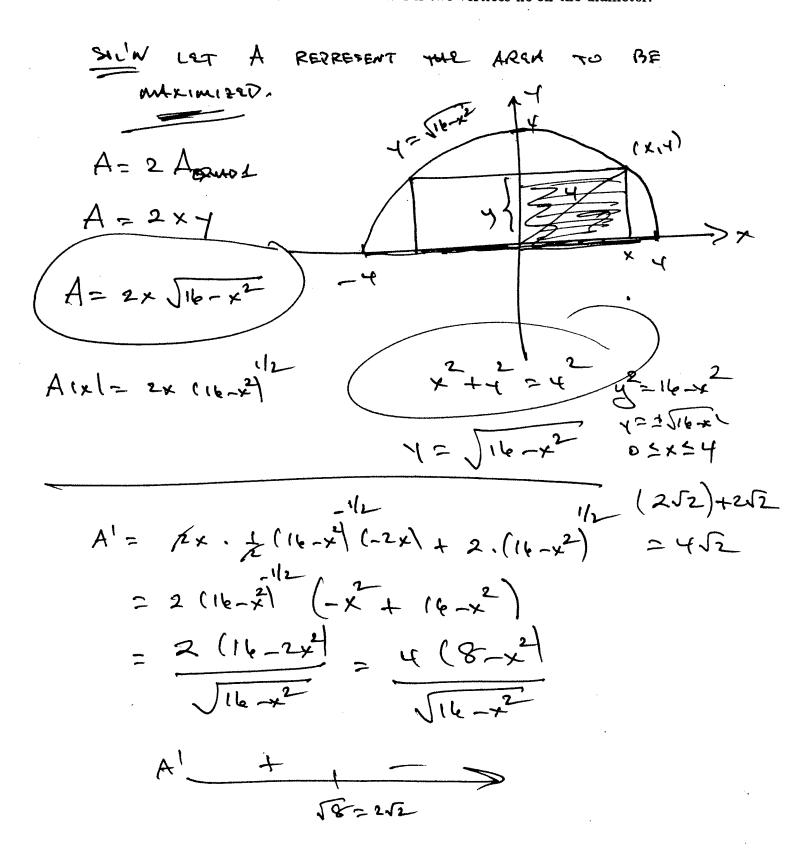
$$C = 4 \times + \frac{4 \cdot 250}{x^2}$$

$$X \cdot x \cdot 4 = 250$$

$$X \cdot 4 = 250$$



3. Find the dimensions of the rectangle of maximum area that can be inscribed in a semicircle of radius 4 if two vertices lie on the diameter.





Department of Mathematics and Statistics Memorial University of Newfoundland

| 4/ | 4= J16-158/2 = J8 = 252 |
|----|---------------------------------|
| | DIMPNSIONS OF LARLAST RECTANGLE |
| | ARR 452 B-(252. |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |