MEMORIAL UNIVERSITY OF NEWFOUNDLAND

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS AND STATISTICS

Section 2.2

Math 1001 Worksheet

WINTER 2023

SOLUTIONS

1. (a)
$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{2}{(x_i^* - 4)^2} \Delta x_i = \int_6^8 \frac{2}{(x - 4)^2} dx$$

(b)
$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \cos^3(5x_i^*) \Delta x_i = \int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos^3(5x) dx$$

2. (a) Using a regular partition and setting the sample point $x_i^* = x_i$, we can write

$$\int_0^2 \frac{x^3}{4} \, dx = \lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{x_i^3}{4} \Delta x.$$

Let

$$\Delta x = \frac{2-0}{n} = \frac{2}{n}$$
 and $x_i = 0 + \frac{2i}{n} = \frac{2i}{n}$

SO

$$\frac{x_i^3}{4} = \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{2i}{n}\right)^3 = \frac{2i^3}{n^3}.$$

Then

$$\int_{0}^{2} \frac{x^{3}}{4} dx = \lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{2i^{3}}{n^{3}} \cdot \frac{2}{n}$$

$$= \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{4}{n^{4}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} i^{3}$$

$$= \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{4}{n^{4}} \cdot \frac{n^{2}(n+1)^{2}}{4}$$

$$= \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{n^{2} + 2n + 1}{n^{2}}$$

$$= 1.$$

(b) Using a regular partition and setting the sample point $x_i^* = x_i$, we can observe that

$$\int_{2}^{3} (2 - 7x) \, dx = \lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (2 - 7x_i) \Delta x$$

where

$$\Delta x = \frac{3-2}{n} = \frac{1}{n}$$
 and $x_i = 2 + \frac{i}{n}$.

Now we have

$$2 - 7x_i = 2 - 7\left(2 + \frac{i}{n}\right) = -\frac{7i}{n} - 12$$

and so

$$\int_{2}^{3} (2 - 7x) dx = \lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left(-\frac{7i}{n} - 12 \right) \cdot \frac{1}{n}$$

$$= \lim_{n \to \infty} \left(-\frac{7}{n^{2}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} i - \frac{12}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} 1 \right)$$

$$= \lim_{n \to \infty} \left(-\frac{7}{n^{2}} \cdot \frac{n(n+1)}{2} - \frac{12}{n} \cdot n \right)$$

$$= \lim_{n \to \infty} \left(-\frac{7(n+1)}{2n} - 12 \right)$$

$$= -\frac{7}{2} - 12$$

$$= -\frac{31}{2}.$$