TEST 1

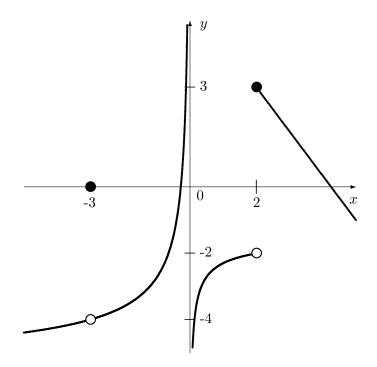
## MATHEMATICS 1000-004

October 23rd, 2025

Name

MUN Number

[12] 1. Use the graph of y = f(x) below to determine each of the following. Label the limits as  $\infty$  or  $-\infty$  where appropriate. If the limit does not exist or the value of the function is undefined, indicate this.



(a) 
$$f(-3) =$$

(b) 
$$\lim_{x \to -3^{-}} f(x) =$$

(c) 
$$\lim_{x \to -3^+} f(x) =$$

(d) 
$$\lim_{x \to -3} f(x) =$$

(e) 
$$f(2) =$$

$$(f) \quad \lim_{x \to 2^{-}} f(x) =$$

$$(g) \quad \lim_{x \to 2^+} f(x) =$$

(h) 
$$\lim_{x \to 2} f(x) =$$

(i) 
$$f(0) =$$

$$(j) \quad \lim_{x \to 0^-} f(x) =$$

$$(\mathbf{k}) \quad \lim_{x \to 0^+} f(x) =$$

$$(\ell) \quad \lim_{x \to 0} f(x) =$$

[16] 2. Evaluate each of the following limits. If a limit does not exist, explain why.

(a) 
$$\lim_{x \to -1} \frac{3 - \sqrt{5 - 4x}}{1 - x^2}$$

(b) 
$$\lim_{x \to 4} \frac{x(x+4)^{-1} - 2x^{-1}}{x-4}$$

(c) 
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{5x - |x|}{|x| + 4x}$$

- [12] 3. Consider the function  $f(x) = \frac{2x^3 4x^2 + 5x}{8x(9 x^2)}$ .
  - (a) Identify any horizontal asymptotes to the graph of f(x).

(b) Identify any discontinuities of f(x). Classify them as removable or non-removable, and provide the equation of any vertical asymptotes.