## MATH 2320 – Discrete Mathematics Fall 2017

## Instructions

- Answer each question completely; justify your answers.
- This assignment is due at 17:00 on Thursday October 26th in Assignment Box #35.
- 1. Let  $f : A \to B$  and  $g : B \to C$  be functions. Prove that if  $g \circ f$  is surjective and g is injective then f is surjective.
- 2. Define  $f: (-1,1) \to \mathbb{R}$  such that  $f(x) = \frac{x}{1-x^2}$ .
  - (a) Prove that f is bijective.
  - (b) Prove that there is a one-to-one correspondence between (-1, 1) and (0, 1).
  - (c) Deduce that  $\mathbb{R}$  is uncountable.
- 3. Exercise 19 of Section 3.3, parts (a) and (d).
- 4. Exercise 20 of Section 3.3, except parts (a) and (e).
- 5. Is the following statement true or false: if A and B are sets such that  $A \subsetneqq B$  then |A| < |B|. Explain.
- 6. Find integers q and r with  $0 \leq r < |b|$  such that a = qb + r:
  - (a) a = 129, b = 6
  - (b) a = -8141, b = 5
  - (c) a = -9162, b = -17
- 7. Let a and b be integers that are not both zero. Prove that gcd(a, a + b) = gcd(a, b).
- 8. Let a = 8670 and b = 972. Let g be the greatest common divisor of a and b.
  - (a) Find g.
  - (b) Find integers m and n such that ma + nb = g.
  - (c) What is the least common multiple of a and b?
- 9. Let a = 81876 and b = 13191. Let g be the greatest common divisor of a and b.
  - (a) Find g.
  - (b) Find integers m and n such that ma + nb = g.
  - (c) What is the least common multiple of a and b?