

Instructions

- Answer each question completely; justify your answers.
- This assignment is due at

The following symbols will be used to represent certain sets of numbers:

- \mathbb{Z} the set of integers
- \mathbb{N} the set of natural numbers, namely $\{1, 2, 3, \dots\}$
- \mathbb{R} the set of real numbers
- \mathbb{Q} the set of rational numbers

1. Are the vectors \mathbf{u} and \mathbf{v} parallel? Explain why or why not.

(a) $\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}$, $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 14 \end{bmatrix}$.

(b) $\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 17 \end{bmatrix}$, $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$.

(c) $\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -\frac{1}{3} \end{bmatrix}$, $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} -6 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$.

2. Express $\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$ as a linear combination of $\mathbf{v}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{v}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$.

3. Is $\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$ a linear combination of $\mathbf{v}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 3 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$, $\mathbf{v}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{v}_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix}$?

4. Let $\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$. Describe the plane spanned by \mathbf{u} and \mathbf{v} . Does $\mathbf{w} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$ belong to this plane?