## Extended XYZ (EXYZ)

## Bruce Watson, Nov/2023

$\mathbf{X Y Z}$ is a convention which replaces treatments like Checkback Stayman, New Minor Forcing and $4^{\text {th }}$ Suit Forcing. It uses responder's rebids of $2 \boldsymbol{2}$ and $2 \boldsymbol{*}$ artificially. The $2 \boldsymbol{2}$ rebid, used primarily for invitational hands, works fairly well. The problem is the $2 \star$ rebid used for game-forcing and slam-try hands. Too often responder is unable to adequately show his shape below 3NT. In EXYZ the rebid is mostly unchanged whereas rebids of 2 . through 2NT are transfers. A transfer is occasionally to play but is usually game-forcing or a slam-try.

There are ten possible sequences where EXYZ applies. Five begin with $\mathbf{X}=\mathbf{1 *}$ and continue with $\mathbf{Y}=\mathbf{1} *$ or $\mathbf{Y}=\mathbf{1} \boldsymbol{\psi}$. Call that "Group 5." Three start with $\mathbf{X}=\mathbf{1 *}$. Call that "Group 3." The remaining two cases are 18 - 1s - $\mathbf{1 N T}$ and $\mathbf{1 Q}-\mathbf{1 s} \mathbf{- 1 N T}$.

| $\mathbf{1 X}-\mathbf{1 Y}$ | In all ten auctions, 2\& is forcing and a <br> $\mathbf{1 Z}-\underline{?}$ <br> true puppet. It asks opener to bid $\mathbf{2}$ <br> after which responder will pass or <br> make a follow-up bid which is usually <br> invitational. With EXYZ, a contract of <br> exactly 2\& cannot be played. But with <br> a special sequence, called the double <br> relay, the partnership will be able to <br> stop in 3\&. Any rebid of 2\& through <br> 2NT by responder is artificial and <br> forcing. |
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|  | The auction shown on the left includes 6 possible cases: all of Group 5 plus $\mathbf{1 2}$ -1\& - 1NT. The 2\& bid requires an alert. Explain "Artificial and forcing. Asks for a $2 \star$ rebid which can be passed. But if responder bids again it usually shows invitational values." The forced $2 \star$ rebid also requires an alert. Responder's $3^{\text {rd }}$ bid: <br> If responder now rebids two of his major it is invitational with $5+$ cards in the major. Not forcing. <br> If responder rebids two of the other major it is invitational with a 4-card suit. <br> Responder's 2NT rebid is the "double relay." it asks opener to rebid $\mathbf{3 \&}$ which will be passed. <br> After first showing a major, if responder rebids $\mathbf{3 m}$ it shows invitational values with 5+ cards in the minor and only 4 cards in the major. <br> If responder rebids three of his major it shows invitational values and a good 6 -card suit. Not forcing. |
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| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \&-1 \$ / 1 \mathrm{M} \\ & 1 \mathrm{M} / 1 \mathrm{NT}-2 \uparrow-2 \mathrm{NT} \end{aligned}$ | Each of these rebids requires an alert. Here are the details. <br> 24: A transfer to hearts. A GF except when either partner bid $\mathbf{1 \vee}$. Then it is either to play or, if responder bids again, a GF. <br> 2У: A transfer to spades. GF except when either partner bid $\mathbf{1 4}$. Then it is either to play or a GF. <br> 24: An invitational range ask or a game-forcing 2-under transfer to clubs. <br> 2NT: GF 2-under transfer to diamonds. |


| $\begin{array}{lll} 1 * & 1 M \\ 1 \leftrightarrow / 1 N T & 2 * \\ 2 * & - \\ \hline \end{array}$ | These are the three Group 3 auctions. <br> If responder now rebids two of his major it is invitational with 11-12 HCP and $5+$ cards in the major. Not forcing. <br> If responder rebids two of the other major it is invitational with a 4 -card suit. <br> Responder's 2NT rebid is the "double relay." it asks opener to rebid 3* which will be passed. <br> After first showing a major, if responder rebids $\mathbf{3 m}$ it shows invitational values with $5+$ cards in the minor and only 4 cards in his major. <br> If responder rebids three of his major it is invitational with a good 6-card suit. Not forcing. |
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| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \star-1 \mathrm{M} \\ & 1 \mathrm{M} / 1 \mathrm{NT}-\underline{2 \star-2 N T} \end{aligned}$ | 24: A transfer to hearts. A GF except when responder bid $\mathbf{1 \vee}$. Then it is to play or, if responder bids again, a GF. 2v: A transfer to spades. GF except when opener or responder bid 14. Then it is to play or a GF. <br> 24: An invitational range ask or a GF 2-under transfer to clubs. <br> 2NT: GF 2-under transfer to diamonds. |


|  | If responder now rebids $2 \boldsymbol{A}$ it is invitational with $5+$ spades. Not forcing. <br> If responder rebids $2 \boldsymbol{V}$ it is invitational with 3-card heart support. Responder's 2NT rebid is the "double relay." it asks opener to rebid 3\& which will be passed. <br> If responder rebids $\mathbf{3 m}$ it shows invitational values with $5+$ cards in the minor and only 4 spades. <br> If responder rebids $\mathbf{3 a}$ it is invitational with a good 6-card suit. Not forcing. |
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| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \psi-1 \leftrightarrow \\ & \text { 1NT }-2 \phi-2 N T \end{aligned}$ | 24: A transfer to hearts. Either to play or, if responder bids again, a GF. <br> 2v: A transfer to spades. Either to play or, if responder bids again, a GF. <br> 24: An invitational range ask or a GF 2-under transfer to clubs. <br> 2NT: GF 2-under transfer to diamonds. |

## Some specific XYZ auctions

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1\& - 1a } \\ & \text { 1NT - } 2 \varphi \end{aligned}$ | Transfer to 2^. Either to play or, if responder bids again, a GF. |
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| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1\& - 1A } \\ & \text { 1NT - } 2 人 \end{aligned}$ | Either an invitational range ask or a GF (slam-try) with 4+ clubs and 4+ spades. Initially, opener assumes the range ask and rebids 2 NT with a minimum or 3\& with a maximum. Over 3\& $\mathbf{3 N T}$ is to play. Any other rebid is a slam-try with clubs. |


| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \mathrm{~m}-1 \mathrm{M} \\ & 1 \mathrm{~A} / 1 \mathrm{NT}-3 \mathrm{~m} / 3 \mathrm{om} \end{aligned}$ | Invitational. In each case responder is 5-5 in the two suits. |
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|  | Invitational with 5 spades. 3\& would show an invitational hand with a 6 -card suit. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \star-1 \uparrow \\ & 1 N T-2 \phi \\ & 2 \downarrow-2 \varphi \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Invitational with 5 spades and 4+ hearts. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1 *-1 v \\ & \text { 1NT }-2 * \\ & 2 \downarrow-2 v \end{aligned}$ | Invitational with $5+$ hearts. Not forcing. But responder could still have 4 spades in a $4=5$ hand. And opener could have bypassed a 4 -card spade suit of his own. Opener with four spades and two hearts can bid 2 as showing a 4 -card suit on his way to 2NT or 3NT. With 6 hearts, responder can still retreat to hearts. |
| $\begin{array}{\|ll} \hline 1 *-1 v \\ \text { 1NT }-2 * \\ 2 * & \text { Pass } \end{array}$ | To play with diamonds. |
|  | Invitational with $4=4$ in the majors. Not forcing. With no fit, opener bids 2NT or 3NT. Memorize this sequence. Responder does not have 5 hearts! |
|  | This is different. By opening $1 \star$ and not raising hearts, opener cannot hold 4 spades. 2 $\boldsymbol{4}$ shows a stopper and 11-12 HCP. Invites 3NT. |
|  | This is the double relay. Opener rebids 3d which responder will Pass with a weak hand and a suitable club suit. This is the only way responder has to stop in clubs. |


| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1 *-1 v \\ & 1 N T-2 * \\ & 2 *-3 m \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | This shows invitational values with 5+ cards in the minor and only 4 cards in his major. Compare with the direct $\mathbf{3 m}$. |
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| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Pass - } 1 \mathrm{x} \\ & 1 \mathrm{y} \quad-1 \mathrm{z} \\ & \underline{?} \end{aligned}$ | $2 \boldsymbol{2}$ is still the relay to $2 \downarrow$. The game forcing options of $2 \star$ through 2NT should not arise. But retain the "to play" options. |

## Handling Interference over 1m

| $1 \Phi / 1 N T$ | $\mathbf{X Y Z}$ is "on" in these sequences. There have been three bids and we are still at the 1 -level. We have made two of the suit bids and the opponents have made the other. In the third sequence the $\mathbf{X}$ was a support double. |
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| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \mathrm{~m}-(1 \mathrm{M})-\mathrm{X}-(\mathrm{Pas} \\ & 1 \mathrm{~A} / 1 \mathrm{NT}-(\mathrm{Pass})-? \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\mathbf{X}$ |  |


| 1* - (X) - ? | Pass: Weak or no good bid. <br> XX: shows $4+$ diamonds and $6+\mathrm{HCP}$. <br> 14: shows 4 or 5 hearts, $6+\mathrm{HCP}$. <br> 1v: shows 4 or 5 spades, $6+$ HCP. <br> 14: Denies any 4-card suit except clubs, less than invitational, invites a 1NT rebid by opener. <br> 1NT: Denies any 4-card suit except diamonds, less than invitational. <br> 2a: To play. <br> 24: Shows 6+ hearts. <br> 2v: Shows 6+ spades. <br> 24: Shows a limit raise in clubs. <br> 2NT: Game Force with 12+ HCP. <br> 34: pre-emptive raise in clubs. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1* - (X) - | Pass: Weak or no good bid. <br> XX: shows 4 or 5 hearts and $6+$ HCP. <br> 1४: shows 4 or 5 spades, $6+$ HCP. <br> 14: Denies a 4-card major, shows clubs plus diamond tolerance, 6-11 HCP unsuitable for 1NT, invites a 1 NT rebid by opener. <br> 1NT: shows 9-11 HCP. <br> 2\&: a less than invitational diamond raise. <br> 24: Shows 6+ hearts. <br> 2v: Shows 6+ spades. <br> 24: Shows a limit raise in diamonds. <br> 2NT: Game Force with 12+ HCP. <br> 3\&: pre-emptive. <br> 34: pre-emptive raise in diamonds. |


| 1* - (1*) - | Pass: Weak or no good bid. <br> $\mathbf{X}$ : shows 4 or 5 hearts and $6+\mathrm{HCP}$. <br> 1v: shows 4 or 5 spades, $6+$ HCP. <br> 14: Denies a 4-card major, shows club tolerance, 6-11 HCP unsuitable for <br> 1NT, invites a $\mathbf{1 N T}$ rebid by opener. <br> 1NT: shows 9-11 HCP. <br> 2d: To play. <br> 24: shows $6+$ hearts. <br> 2V: shows 6+ spades. <br> 2a: shows a limit raise in clubs. <br> 2NT: Game Force with 12+ HCP. <br> 34: pre-emptive. <br> After $\mathbf{X}, \mathbf{1 \vee}, \mathbf{2 \downarrow}, \mathbf{2 \vee}$ announce: "transfer." |
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| 1m - (1v) - ? | Pass: Weak or no good bid. <br> X: Shows a 4- or 5-card spade suit with 6+ HCP. <br> 14: Denies 4+ spades, shows $m$ tolerance, 6-11 HCP unsuitable for 1NT, invites a 1NT rebid by opener. <br> 1NT: shows 9-11 HCP. <br> $\mathbf{2 m}$ : a raise shows 6-10 points; a new suit is natural and forcing. <br> $2 \mathbf{2 V}$ : shows $6+$ spades. <br> 24: shows a limit raise in $\mathbf{m}$. <br> 2NT: Game Force with 12+ HCP. <br> 3m: pre-emptive. <br> After $\mathbf{X , 2 \boldsymbol { V }}$ announce: "transfer to spades." |


| 1m - (1a) - ? | Pass: Weak or no good bid. <br> X: Shows a 4- or 5-card heart suit with 6+ HCP. <br> 1NT: shows 9-11 HCP. <br> 2m: a raise shows 6-10 points; a new suit is natural and forcing. <br> 2v: shows a limit raise in $m$. <br> 24: shows $6+$ hearts. <br> 2NT: Game Force with 12+ HCP. <br> 3m: pre-emptive. <br> After X, 2a announce: "transfer to hearts." |
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| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \mathrm{~m}-(1 / / 1 \mathrm{M})-\mathrm{X} \text {-(Pass) } \\ & \underline{?} \end{aligned}$ | Opener accepts the transfer with queen-third or better support. With 4-card support and top of range opener can jump. 1NT shows less than queen-third and is to play. |
| 1m-(2m/2M/3m) - $\underline{X}$ | Negative through 34. |
| 1m - (O'call) - Min NT | A non-jump bid of 1NT or 2NT shows 9-11 HCP. |
| 1m - (O'call) - 2NT | A jump to 2NT shows 12-14. Game Force. |
| 1m - (X) - |  |
| 1m - (O'call) - Cue | Limit raise or better in $\mathbf{m}$ except when the overcall was ( $\mathbf{1} \downarrow$ ) or (1M). |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \star-(2 \alpha)-2 \star-(3 \boldsymbol{*}) \\ & \underline{X} \end{aligned}$ | Competitive doubles through 34 . These doubles apply when our |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1*-(2\&)-X-(3\&) } \\ & \underline{X} \end{aligned}$ | opponents have found a fit (bid and supported). $\mathbf{X}$ says you are |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1ث-(2\&)-2ゅ-(3\&)} \\ & \underline{X} \end{aligned}$ | maximum for your bidding so far and willing to compete or defend. |

